Practice 13

Find the linearization $L(x)$ of $f(x)$ at $x = a$.	
1) $f(x) = 2x^2 + 4x - 1$, $a = 4$	1)
2) $f(x) = \sqrt{6x + 4}$, $a = 0$	2)
Find a linearization at a suitably chosen integer near a at which the given function and its derivative	are easy to evaluate.
3) $f(x) = -5x^2 - 4x + 2$, $a = 1.1$	3)
Use the linear approximation $(1 + x)^{k} \approx 1 + kx$, as specified.	
4) Find an approximation for the function $f(x) = (1 - x)^5$ for values of x near zero.	4)
5) Find an approximation for the function $f(x) = \frac{3}{1 - x}$ for values of x near zero.	5)
6) Estimate (1.0003) ⁵⁰ .	6)
7) Estimate $\sqrt[3]{1.009}$.	7)
Find dy.	
8) $y = 6x^2 + 9x - 3$	8)
The function f(x) changes value when x changes from x_0 to $x_0 + dx$. Find the approximation error $ \triangle f$	- df .
9) $f(x) = x^2$, $x_0 = 6$, $dx = 0.06$	9)
Write a differential formula that estimates the given change in volume or surface area. 10) The change in the surface area S = $4\pi r^2$ of a sphere when the radius changes from r ₀ to r ₀ + dr	10)
Solve the problem. 11) A cube 5 inches on an edge is given a protective coating 0.1 inches thick. About how much coating should a production manager order for 900 cubes?	11)
12) A = π r ² , where r is the radius, in centimeters. By approximately how much does the area of a circle decrease when the radius is decreased from 4.0 cm to 3.8 cm? (Use 3.14 for π .)	12)
13) V = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$, where r is the radius, in centimeters. By approximately how much does the	13)
volume of a sphere increase when the radius is increased from 1.0 cm to 1.2 cm? (Use 3.14 for π .)	
14) The diameter of a tree was 10 in. During the following year, the circumference increased 2 in. About how much did the tree's diameter increase? (Leave your answer in terms of π .)	14)

Answer Key Testname: PRACTICE13

1) L(x) = 20x - 332) $L(x) = \frac{3}{2}x + 2$ 3) L(x) = 7 - 14x4) $f(x) \approx 1 - 5x$ 5) $f(x) \approx 3 + 3x$ 6) 1.015 7) 1.003 8) (12x + 9) dx9) 0.0036 10) $dS = 8\pi r_0 dr$ 11) About 13,500 in.³ 12) 5.0 cm² 13) 2.5 cm³ 14) $\frac{2}{\pi}$ in.