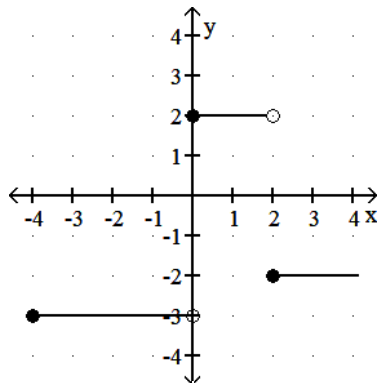


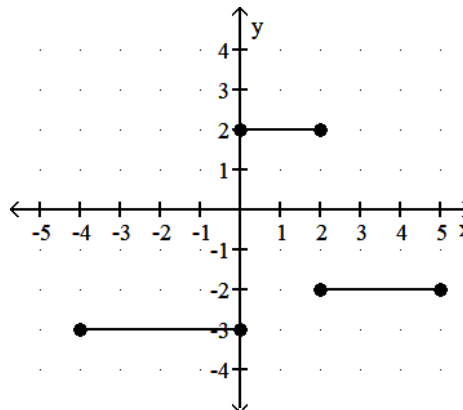
**Graph the function.**

$$1) \quad r(x) = \begin{cases} -3 & \text{for } -4 \leq x < 0 \\ 2 & \text{for } 0 \leq x < 2 \\ -2 & \text{for } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

A)



B)



1) \_\_\_\_\_

**Determine the end behavior of the graph of the function.**

$$2) \quad f(x) = -9x^7 - 6x^5 - 4x^4 + 7$$

- A) Down left and down right  
C) Down left and up right

- B) Up left and down right  
D) Up left and up right

2) \_\_\_\_\_

**Find the zeros of the function and state the multiplicities.**

$$3) \quad f(x) = -2x^6(x + 7)^2(x - 5)^6$$

- A) 0 (multiplicity 6), 7 (multiplicity 2), -5 (multiplicity 6)  
B) 0 (multiplicity 6), -7 (multiplicity 2), 5 (multiplicity 6)

3) \_\_\_\_\_

**Use long division to divide.**

$$4) \quad (3x^3 - 10x^2 - 23x - 13) \div (x - 5)$$

A)  $3x^2 + 5x - 1$

B)  $3x^2 + 5x + 2 - \frac{3}{x - 5}$

4) \_\_\_\_\_

**Use synthetic division to divide the polynomials.**

$$5) \quad (s^4 + 5s^3 + 2s^2 - 17s + 7) \div (s - 1)$$

A)  $s^3 + 6s^2 + 8s - 9 - \frac{2}{s - 1}$

B)  $s^3 + 6s^2 + 8s - 9$

5) \_\_\_\_\_

**List the possible rational zeros.**

6)  $f(x) = 4x^4 - 3x^3 + 8x + 14$

A)  $\pm 1, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{1}{4}, \pm 2, \pm 7, \pm 14, \pm \frac{7}{2}, \pm \frac{7}{4}$

B)  $\pm 1, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{1}{4}, \pm 2, \pm \frac{2}{7}, \pm 4, \pm \frac{4}{7}$

C)  $1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 2, 7, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{7}{4}$

D)  $-1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, -2, -7, -\frac{7}{2}, -\frac{7}{4}$

6) \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer:**

7) A polynomial of degree 10 has zeros 4,  $5i$ . Find:

7) \_\_\_\_\_

A) Another zero: \_\_\_\_\_

B) Max number of complex zeros: \_\_\_\_\_

C) Max number of real zeros: \_\_\_\_\_

D) Min number of complex zeros: \_\_\_\_\_

**Solve the problem.**

8) The following table represents the result of a synthetic division.

8) \_\_\_\_\_

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -3 & 5 & 9 & -4 & -5 \\ & & -15 & 18 & -42 \\ \hline & 5 & -6 & 14 & \underline{-47} \end{array}$$

Use  $x$  as the variable. Identify the dividend., the divisor, the quotient and the remainder.

A)  $5x^3 + 9x^2 - 4x - 5$  \_\_\_\_\_

B)  $x + 3$  \_\_\_\_\_

C)  $-47$  \_\_\_\_\_

D)  $5x^2 - 6x + 14$  \_\_\_\_\_

9) Express the polynomial as a product of linear factors:  $f(x) = 2x^3 - 5x^2 - 31x + 84$  given that  $-4$  is a zero.

9) \_\_\_\_\_

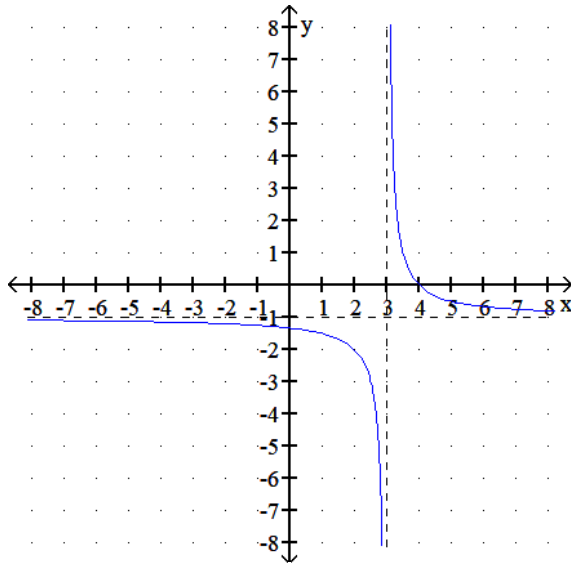
A)  $(x - 4)(2x + 7)(x - 3)$

B)  $(x + 4)(2x - 7)(x - 3)$

The graph of the rational function. Find:

10)  $f(x) > 0$

10) \_\_\_\_\_



- A) Equation of horizontal Asymptote if any.
- B) Equation of vertical Asymptote if any.
- C) Domain \_\_\_\_\_ Range \_\_\_\_\_
- D) x-intercept(s): \_\_\_\_\_ y-intercept(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Solve the inequality. Write the solution set in interval notation.

11)  $\frac{x + 3}{x - 6} > 0$

11) \_\_\_\_\_

- A)  $(-\infty, 6) \cup (3, \infty)$
- B)  $(-\infty, -3) \cup (6, \infty)$

12)  $-x^2 - 11x - 28 \leq 0$

12) \_\_\_\_\_

- A)  $(-\infty, -4] \cup [7, \infty)$
- B)  $(-\infty, -7] \cup [-4, \infty)$